Child Welfare Services

Comprehensive Children's Report

Characteristics of Children Receiving Child Welfare Services in California

Report Month of April 2001

California Department of Social Services Research and Development Division Data Analysis and Publications Branch



- More Information on Child Abuse Reports
- Relative and Foster Family Home Care Demographic Information
- **Placement Terminations Demographic Information**



Comprehensive Children's Report

Characteristics of Children Receiving Child Welfare Services

April 2001 Report Month



Prepared by

The California Department of Social Services

Research and Development Division Data Analysis and Publications Branch

Comprehensive Children's Report Outline

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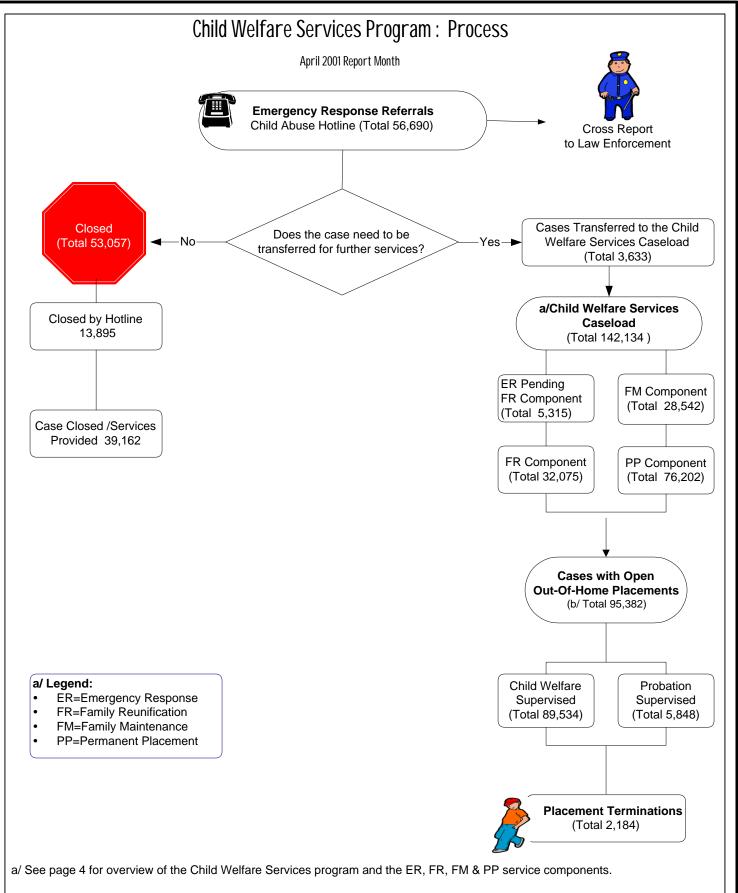
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- Referral outcomes by county and demographics.
- Relative and Non-Relative Placements by county
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a/ Legend:

- ER=Emergency Response
- FR=Family Reunification
- FM=Family Maintenance
- PP=Permanent Placement
- a/ See page 4 for overview of CWS and ER, FR, FM & PP service components.
- b/ The caseload excludes approximately 7,000 children whose out-of-home placement record was closed, but whose placement episode record remained open for reasons deemed necessary by the social worker.

Source: Child Welfare Services/Case Management System (CWS/CMS) SOC 291 Report and CWS/CMS extract, April 2001



b/ The caseload excludes approximately 7,000 children whose out-of-home placement record was closed, but whose placement episode record remained open for reasons deemed necessary by the social worker.

Source: Child Welfare Services/Case Management System (CWS/CMS) SOC 291 Report and CWS/CMS extract, April 2001

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THE CHILD WELFARE SERVICES PROGRAM

OVERVIEW:

The Child Welfare Services (CWS) Program is California's primary statewide intervention program for abused, neglected and exploited children. The statutory authority for the CWS program is contained in the Welfare and Institutions Code, Section 16500. The goal of the CWS program is to protect children at risk of abuse and neglect through an integrated services delivery system, and to provide intensive services to families to ensure safety and permanence that will allow the family members to stay together in their own home. In the event that a child cannot safely remain in his or her home, the child is placed in out-of-home care. Services are provided to the child and family to prevent future neglect, abuse or exploitations so the child can be returned home. If it is unlikely that the child will ever be able to return home, an alternative, permanent living arrangement (such as adoption or guardianship) is established so that the child grows up in a safe, caring, and stable family structure.

The CWS program offers a continuum of services that includes:

Emergency Response (ER) Component

ER is designed to provide initial intake services in response to reported allegations of child abuse, neglect or exploitation. The County Welfare Departments (CWDs) conduct investigations to determine the potential for or existence of abuse or neglect and identify/provide needed services.

Family Maintenance (FM) Component

FM is designed to provide time-limited protective services to prevent or remedy neglect, abuse or exploitation for the purpose of preventing separation of children from their families. CWDs are responsible for determining the specific service needs of the child and family aimed at sustaining the child in the home.

Family Reunification (FR) Component

FR is designed to provide time-limited services while the child is placed in temporary foster care to prevent or remedy neglect, abuse or exploitation when the child cannot safely remain at home. CWDs are responsible for determining the specific service needs of the child and/or family aimed at reunifying the child with the family.

Permanent Placement (PP) Component

PP is designed to provide an alternative permanent family structure for children who because of abuse, neglect or exploitation cannot safely remain at home and who are unlikely to ever return home. The CWDs are responsible for determining the appropriate permanent goal for the child and facilitating the implementation of that goal. These goals are defined as guardianship, adoption or placement in long-term placement.

Cases with Open Out-of-Home Placements

Children who cannot safely remain in their homes are placed in foster care. Most foster care placements are supervised by the county child welfare services department and are referred to as "welfare supervised". In some cases this supervision is the responsibility of the county probation department and are referred to as "probation supervised". These cases involve the juvenile court system and are the childrenwith problems such as truancy or violations of the law.

Data Sources:

The information contained in this report was derived from the following sources:

- . Child Welfare Services/Case Management System (CWS/CMS)
- . Department of Finance Annual Population Demographics
- . US Census Bureau

Summary of Main Points

Child Abuse Reports

- From 1990 to 2000 the number of child abuse reports increased 18%. General neglect and physical abuse were the most common abuses.
- Neglect was the most common form of abuse reported for White, Hispanic, African American and American Indian children and physical abuse was the most common for Asian/Pacific Islander children.
- Yuba, Lassen, Butte, Mendocino and Tehama Counties had the highest incident rates of reported child abuse when compared to their child population. Colusa, Del Norte, Lassen, Stanislaus, Yolo and Yuba Counties had the highest proportions of substantiated reports.
- The percentage of reported abuse cases that were substantiated remained constant despite the 18% increase in the number of child abuse reports from 1990-2000. The age, ethnicity and gender were approximately the same for unsubstantiated and substantiated referrals.

Child Abuse Reports and Child Welfare Caseload

- The child welfare services caseload decreased approximately 7% from 1999 to 2001. A contributing factor to the decline in caseload was children exiting to the Kin-GAP program.
- The age, ethnicity and gender of children in the child welfare services caseload remained consistent.
- When we compared the race/ethnicity proportions of children who received Emergency Response services to children in the welfare caseload, the child population and the proportion of children in poverty, we found the following:

			%African		%Missing
%Of	%White	% Hispanic	American	%Other*	Data
ER Investigations	33	38	15	5	9
Child Welfare Caseload	30	33	32	4	1
Child Population (CY 2000)	39.5	41	12	7.5	0
California's children in Poverty					
(Year 1999)	24	58	8	10	0

- ✓ White children were over-represented in Emergency Response investigations and caseload when compared to their proportion of children living in poverty (33%, 30% vs 24%).
- ✓ African American children were over-represented in ER investigations and caseload when compared to their proportion of children living in poverty (15%, 32% vs 8%).
- ✓ Hispanic and "other" children were under-represented in ER investigations and caseload when compared to their proportion of the general population and children living in poverty.

Summary of Main Points

Child Welfare Services Caseload and Cases with Open Out-of-Home Placements

- From 1999 to 2001 the number of child welfare supervised children living in out-of-home placements decreased approximately 9% partly due to Kin-Gap and the characteristics of these children remained approximately the same.
- When we compared the child welfare caseload to service components by ethnicity we found the following:

%Of Caseload in:	%White	% Hispanic	%African American	%Other*	%Missing Data
Child Welfare	30	33	32	4	1
ER Pending FR Component	35	34	28	7	6
FM Component	31	43	18	6	2
FR Component	33	37	24	5	1
PP Component	28	28	41	3	0

- ✓ African American children were under-represented in Emergency Response (ER) pending Family Reunification (FR), Family Maintenance (FM) and FR (28%, 18%, 24%), compared to their proportion of the overall caseload (32%).
- ✓ However, African American children were over-represented in Permanent Placement (PP) (41% vs 32%). They are the only group over-represented in PP.
- ✓ The children in the other race/ethnic groups had a similar pattern:
 - ➤ White children were over-represented in ER pending FR, FM, FR and under-represented in PP (35%, 31%, 33%, 28%, compared to 30 % of total caseload).
 - ➤ Hispanic children were over-represented in ER pending FR, FM, FR and under-represented in PP (34%, 43%, 37%, 28%, compared to 33 % of total caseload).
 - ➤ "Other" children were over-represented in ER pending FR, FM, FR and under-represented in PP (7%, 6%, 5%, 3%, compared to 4 % of total caseload).

^{*}This category represents American Indian children and Asian/Pacific Islanders.

Summary of Main Points

Children Placed in Relative Homes and Foster Family Homes

- From 1999 to 2001 the number of children placed by Foster Family Agencies increased by 5%. Relative Home placements decreased 6% and Foster Family Home placements decreased 2%.
- Relative home placements represented 38% of all out-of-home placements and 43% of the child welfare supervised placements.
- When comparing the ethnicity of child welfare supervised children placed in Relative Homes and Foster Family Homes we found the following:

			%African		%Missing
%Of Caseload in:	%White	%Hispanic	American	%Other*	Data
Child Welfare Out-of-Home					
Placements	30	30	36	3	1
Relative Home Placements	24	32	40	4	0
Foster Family Home Placements	35	28	32	5	0

- ✓ White children were the only ethnic group under-represented in Relative Homes and over-represented in Foster Family Homes when compared to their proportion of the caseload (24%, 35% vs 30%).
- ✓ African American children represented the highest proportion of children in Relative Homes and were under-represented in Foster Family Homes when compared to their proportion of the caseload (40%, 32% vs 36%).
- When comparing the length of stay in current placement in Relative Homes and Foster Family Homes we found the following:
 - ✓ Children in Relative Homes tended to stay longer (43% stay 25 or more months, compared with only 29% of Foster Family Home placements).
 - ✓ Of the children placed in Relative Homes 25 or more months, 53% were African American, 26% were Hispanic, 18% were White and 3% were "Other" races.
 - ✓ Of the children placed in Foster Family Homes 25 or more months, 43% were African American, 30% were White, 23% were Hispanic and 5% were "Other" races.

Open Out-of-Home Placements and Terminated Out-of-Home Placements

• Comparison of children in open out-of-home care to closed placements by ethnicity.

%Of Caseload in:	%White	% Hispanic	%African American	%Other*	%Missing Data
Open out-of-home Placements	30	30	35	4	1
Placement terminations	38	30	24	8	0

- ✓ White children were over-represented in placement terminations when compared to their proportion of outof-home placements (38% vs 30%).
- ✓ African American and "Other" children were under-represented in placement terminations when compared to their proportion of out-of-home placements (24% vs 8%, 35% vs 8%).
- 70% of the terminations were for out-of-home placements that remained open up to 1 year.

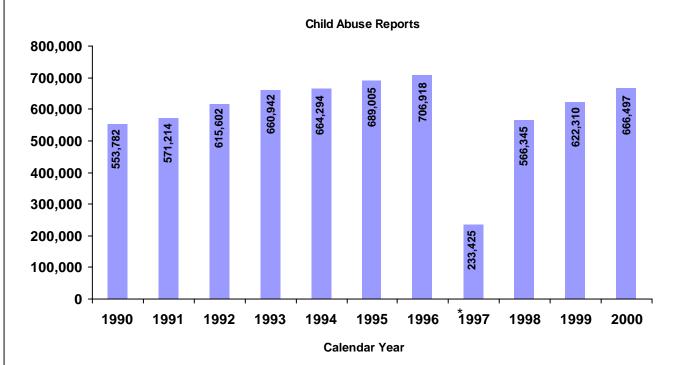
Section II

Emergency Response (ER) Referrals

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Emergency Response(ER) Referrals Received for Children Living In California

Calendar Year 2000



^{*}During FY 97/98 counties were converting to CWS/CMS.

- Until the counties converted to CWS/CMS in FY 97/98, ER referrals were on an upward trend.
- ER referrals for 1999 and 2000 are lower than 1996 but they appear to be trending upward.

	<u>19</u>	<u>99</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>)0</u>	%
Гуре	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Change
Substantial Risk	0	0.0%	12,457	1.9%	+1.9%
Physical Abuse	140,156	22.5%	141,800	21.3%	+1.2%
General Neglect	216,139	34.7%	239,180	35.9%	+1.2%
Emotional Abuse	49,581	8.0%	58,760	8.8%	+0.8%
Caretaker ABS/INCAP	43,259	7.0%	43,805	6.6%	- 0.4%
nvalid	1,282	0.2%	1,115	0.2%	0.0%
Exploitation	1,415	0.2%	1,135	0.2%	0.0%
Severe Neglect	16,884	2.7%	16,423	2.5%	-0.2%
At Risk, Sibling Abuse	80,441	12.9%	80,000	12.0%	-0.9%
Sexual Abuse	73,153	11.8%	71,822	10.6%	-1.2%

 Physical Abuse and General Neglect were the most often reported child abuse and represented over half (57.1%) of all ER referrals.

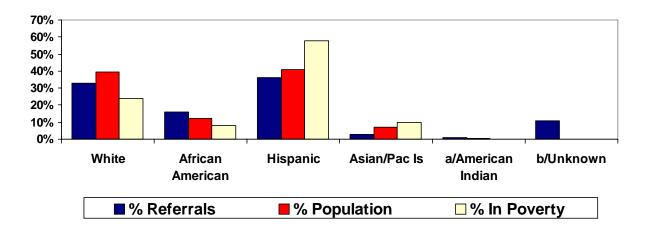
Source: Child Welfare Services/Case Management System (CWS/CMS) SOC 291 Report

CWS/CMS extract, April 2001

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Characteristics Of Children Referred for ER Services

Ethnicity of Children Referred for ER Services Compared with California's Child Population And Proportion Of California's Children In Poverty



- White and Hispanic children represented 69% of the total ER referrals and 80.5% of the general population in 2000 (White children represented 39.5% and Hispanic children represented 41%).
- African American children were over-represented in the ER referrals received (16% of caseload vs 12% of the general child population).
- Hispanic and Asian/Pacific Islander children were under-represented (36% vs 41%, 3% vs 7% respectively).

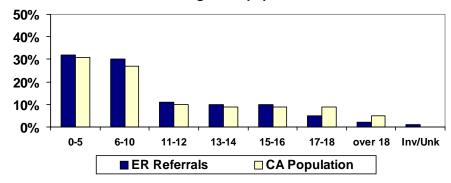
a/ The percentage of American Indian children in poverty is not shown because it is not statistically reliable. b/ Cases with missing ethnicity information were grouped as Unknown.

- There were 532,144 children referred for ER services during CY 2000.
- There were 5,033 Indian children referred for ER services.

% by Gender

- Female 51%
- Male 49%

Children age 6 to 14 were over represented when compared to the general population in 2000.



*See page 31 for Data table

Source:

Department of Finance Population Demographics (2000) Department of Finance Population Demographics (1999)

CWS/CMS extract, April 2001

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2000 Child Abuse Reports Compared to The Child Population and Total Population and Incidence Rates

COUNTY Reports Population Children Total Population STATEWIDE 666,497 10,229,833 65 34,653,395 ALAMEDA 21,026 404,356 52 1,470,155 ALPINE 13 239 54 1,239 AMADOR 474 6,827 69 34,853 BUTTE 8,621 53,118 162 207,158 CALAVERAS 975 9,996 98 42,041 COLUSA 463 6,477 71 20,973 COLUSA 463 6,477 71 20,973	Children 19 14 10 14 42 23
ALAMEDA 21,026 404,356 52 1,470,155 ALPINE 13 239 54 1,239 AMADOR 474 6,827 69 34,853 BUTTE 8,621 53,118 162 207,158 CALAVERAS 975 9,996 98 42,041 COLUSA 463 6,477 71 20,973	14 10 14 42 23
ALPINE 13 239 54 1,239 AMADOR 474 6,827 69 34,853 BUTTE 8,621 53,118 162 207,158 CALAVERAS 975 9,996 98 42,041 COLUSA 463 6,477 71 20,973	10 14 42 23
AMADOR 474 6,827 69 34,853 BUTTE 8,621 53,118 162 207,158 CALAVERAS 975 9,996 98 42,041 COLUSA 463 6,477 71 20,973	14 42 23
BUTTE 8,621 53,118 162 207,158 CALAVERAS 975 9,996 98 42,041 COLUSA 463 6,477 71 20,973	42 23
CALAVERAS 975 9,996 98 42,041 COLUSA 463 6,477 71 20,973	23
COLUSA 463 6,477 71 20,973	
, ,	
	22
CONTRA COSTA 16,118 248,676 65 931,946	14
DEL NORTE 1,156 7,769 149 31,155	42
EL DORADO 2,142 42,553 50 163,197	23
FRESNO 21,094 273,924 77 811,179	22
GLENN 1,428 9,173 156 29,298	17
HUMBOLDT 5,200 32,727 159 128,419	37
IMPERIAL 4,314 52,134 83 154,549	13
INYO 904 4,591 197 18,437	26
KERN 21,633 225,065 96 677,372	49
KINGS 4,551 40,543 112 126,672	40
LAKE 2,060 14,823 139 60,072	28
LASSEN 994 7,827 127 35,959	49
LOS ANGELES 154,004 3,014,288 51 9,838,861	32
MADERA 4,043 38,528 105 126,394	36
MARIN 2,689 53,785 50 248,397	34
MARIPOSA 618 3,781 163 16,762	28
MENDOCINO 4,373 23,915 183 90,442	16
MERCED 7,913 76,516 103 215,256	32
MODOC 325 2,544 128 10,481	11
MONO 170 2,749 62 10,891	37
MONTEREY 5,839 127,248 46 401,886	48
NAPA 838 31,196 27 127,084	37
NEVADA 1,883 21,983 86 97,020	31
ORANGE 25,314 840,796 30 2,833,190	16
PLACER 6,716 67,081 100 243,646	15
PLUMAS 601 4,532 133 20,852	7
RIVERSIDE 40,346 490,013 82 1,570,885	19
SACRAMENTO 41,031 355,245 116 1,212,527	9
SAN BENITO 1,081 15,940 68 51,853	28
SAN BERNARDINO 50,529 585,457 86 1,727,452	29
SAN DIEGO 75,137 853,137 88 2,943,001	26
SAN FRANCISCO 6,364 159,995 40 792,049	34
SAN JOAQUIN 13,425 182,307 74 579,712	21
SAN LUIS OBISPO 6,858 61,197 112 254,818	29
SAN MATEO 4,986 192,329 26 747,061	26
SANTA BARBARA 7,666 113,487 68 412,071	8
SANTA CLARA 17,714 482,492 37 1,763,252	23
SANTA CRUZ 4,639 69,409 67 260,248	27
SHASTA 4,356 47,541 92 175,777	/
SIERRA 28 704 40 3,457	19
SISKIYOU 1,237 10,947 113 45,194	10
SOLANO 5,021 119,658 42 399,841	18
SONOMA 4,202 118,398 35 459,258	25
STANISLAUS 13,112 147,328 89 459,025	8
SUTTER 1,706 24,171 71 82,040	27
TEHAMA 3,149 15,212 207 56,666	13
TRINITY 533 3,114 171 13,490	9
TULARE 13,964 131,833 106 379,944	29
TUOLUMNE 1,528 11,684 131 56,125	21
VENTURA 13,544 220,423 61 753,820	56
YOLO 2,995 45,748 65 164,010	40
YUBA 2,848 22,304 128 63,983	37
Missing 6 0 0 0	0

Source:

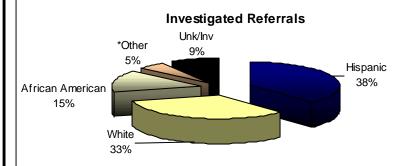
Child Welfare Services/ Case Management System (CWS/CMS) Soc291 Report Department of Finance Population Demographics Projections 2000 Page 11

Emergency Response(ER) Services for Children Living In California

Characteristics Of Children By Referral Outcomes

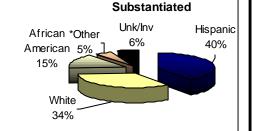
April 2001 Report Month

There are not any significant differences in ethnicity when comparing outcomes of a referral:

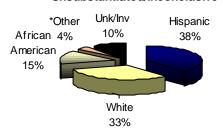


- There were a total 40,669 investigated referrals during the month of April, 36% were inconclusive, 23% were substantiated and 41% were unfounded.
- Indian children represented 320 of the investigated referrals, 34% were inconclusive, 39% were substantiated and 28% were unfounded.

*This category represents American Indian children and Asian/Pacific Islanders.







There is no difference between boys and girls in the outcomes of referrals:

% Investigated

- Female 50.6%
- Male 49.4%

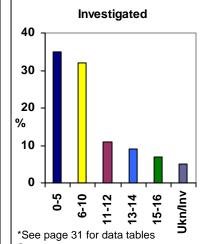
% Substantiated

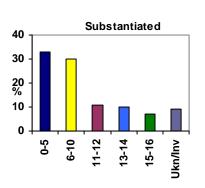
- Female 51.5%
- Male 48.5%

% Unsubstantiated/Inconclusive

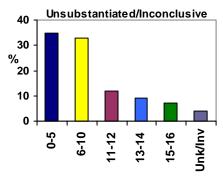
- Female 50%
- Male 50%

The age distribution is approximately the same for all types of referral outcomes



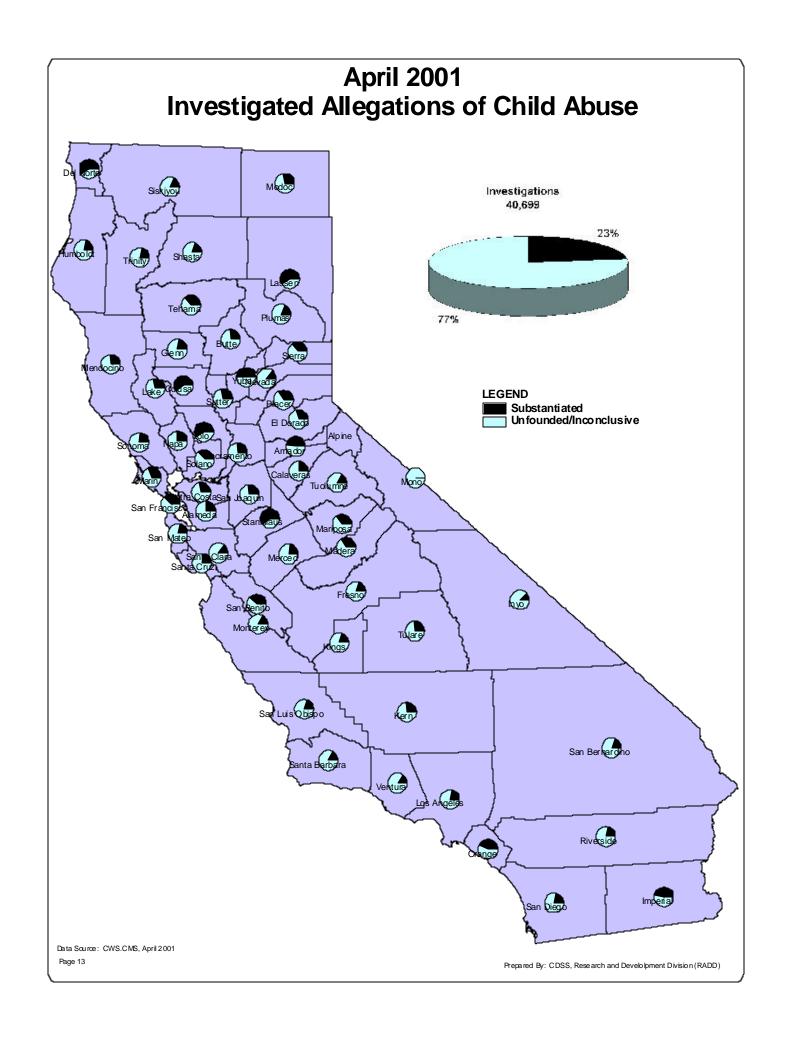


 Children aged 0-5 years and children aged 6-10 each make up about one third of the referral outcomes.



Department of Social Services
Data Analysis and Publications

Source: Child Welfare Services/Case Management Services (CWS/CMS) CWS/CMS Extract, April 2001 Page 12



Section III

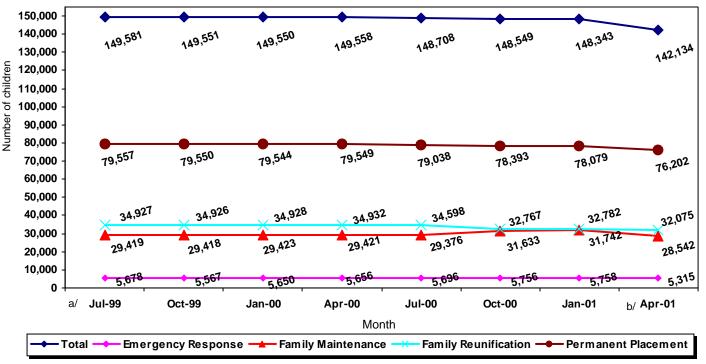
Child Welfare Services (CWS) Caseload

*	Caseload Trends by Service Component	Page 15
*	Characteristics of Child Welfare Services Caseload	Page 16
*	Characteristics of The Child Welfare Services ER Pending (FR)Caseload	Page 17
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*	Characteristics of The Child Welfare Services (FR)Caseload	Page 19
*	Characteristics of The Child Welfare Services (PP)Caseload	Page 20

Child Welfare Services Caseload Trends By Service Component

a/There were a total of 142,134 open CWS cases during the month of April 2001.

- 54% were in the permanent placement component
- 23% were in the family reunification component
- 20% were in the family maintenance component
- 3% were in the emergency component pending reunification with their families.



a/ Source: CWS/CMS CAD-Data Warehouse

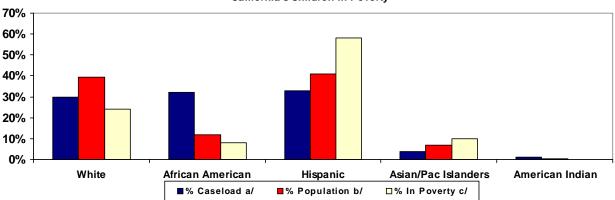
b/ Source: Child Welfare Services/Case Management System

a/ See page 4 for overview of the Child Welfare Services program and the ER, FR, FM & PP service components.

Characteristics Of Child Welfare Services Caseload

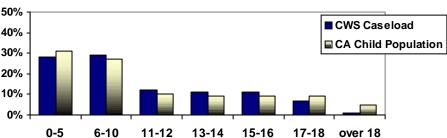
Apr. 2001 Report Month (Total 142,134)

Ethnicity of CWS Caseload Compared with California's Child Population And Proportion Of California's Children In Poverty

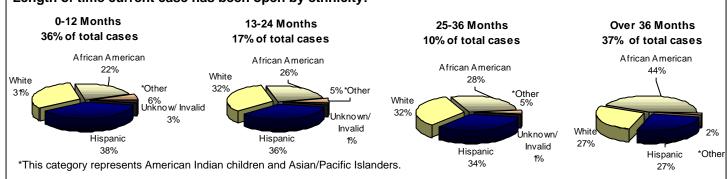


- Hispanic and African American children represented 65% of the total cases and 53% of the general population in 2000 (Hispanic children represented 41% and African American children represented 12%).
- African American children were over-represented in the CWS caseload (32% of caseload vs 8% children in poverty)
- Hispanic and Asian/Pacific Islander children were under-represented (33% vs 41%,4% vs 7% respectively)
- The CWS caseload is half male and half female.
- The Percentage of American Indian children in poverty is not shown because it is not statistically reliable.

Children age 6 to 16 were over represented when compared to the general population in 2000



Length of time current case has been open by ethnicity:



- Nearly half of the current caseload has been open more than two years.
- 37% of the cases were open over three years and as the length of time increases, the percent of the caseload that was African American increased (from 22% to 44%) and the percent that was Hispanic decreased (38% to 27%)

*See page 32 for data tables.

a/ CWS/CMS extract, Apr. 2001

b/ Department of Finance Population Demographics (2000)

c/ Department of Finance Population Demographics (1999)

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Characteristics Of The Child Welfare Service Emergency Response (ER) Component Caseload

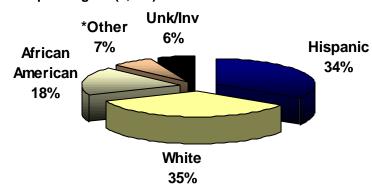
April 2001 Report Month

Total ER cases pending FR (5,315) Ethnicity

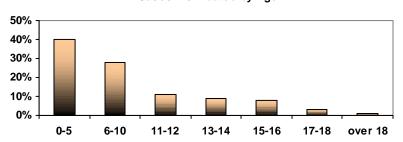
- Approximately 74% of the total ER cases closed within two months.
- 4% of the total ER cases were open four or more years. 39% of these children were White, 29% were Hispanic, 24% were African American, 5% were *Other races and 3% were missing ethnicity information (this may reflect some reporting problems in CWS/ CMS).
- Children to age 5 represent 40% of these cases.
- There were 114 American Indian children in ER cases and 89% are ages 12 and under.

% by Gender

- Female 51%
- Male 49%



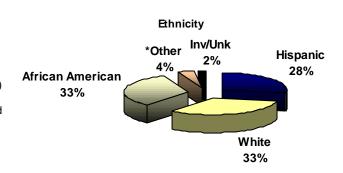
Cases Distributed by Age

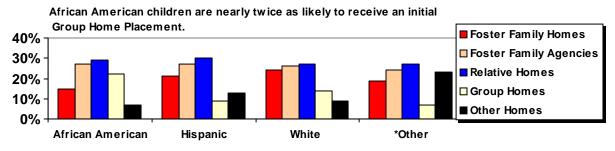


ER Cases pending FR with an open out-of-home placement

(**Represents 44% of the total ER pending FR cases)

- 28% of the children were placed in Relative Homes, 27% in Foster Family Agencies, 20% Foster Family Homes, 15% Group Homes, 7% County Shelter/ Receiving Homes and 3% in other Homes.
- Children to age five represented 30% of these cases.
- 69% of the caretakers were not related to the child or the guardian, 27% were related (non-guardians), 3% were guardians (non-related) and 1% were related (guardians).
- 5% of the total cases with an open out-of-home placement remained open four or more years and 49% were African American, 30% were White, 19% were Hispanic and 2% were Other Races.
- African American children represented 49% of the Group Home Placements, 64% were male and 65% of these young men were ages 16 to 18.





*See page 32 for data tables.

* This category represents Asian/Pacific Islanders and American Indian children .

**This caseload includes children whose out-of-home placement record was closed, but whose placement episode record remained open for reasons deemed necessary by the social worker. Some of these cases may be erroneously included because of CWS/CMS reporting problems

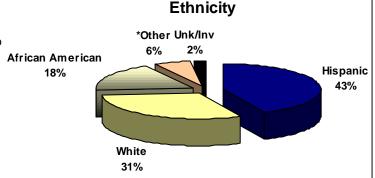
CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 17

Characteristics Of The Child Welfare Service Family Maintenance (FM) Caseload

April 2001 Report Month

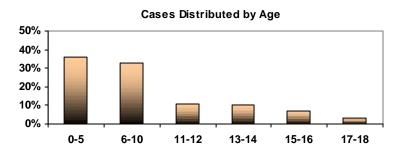
Total FM cases (28,542)

- Children up to age 10 represented 69% of the total cases.
- 64% of the FM cases were open up to a year, 21% up to two years, 8% up to three years and 7% were open four or more African American years.
- A total of 40,337 cases transferred to FM program 67% transferred from ER, 31% from FR/PP and 2% from other jurisdictions).
- There were 318 American Indian children in FM cases; 83% were age 12 and under and 55% were female.



% by Gender

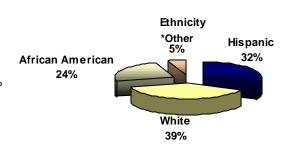
- Female 50.4%
- Male 49.6%



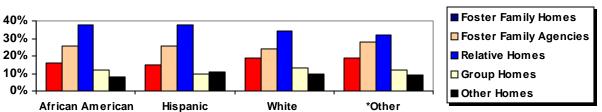
FM Cases with an open out-of-Home placement

(**Represents 15% of the total FM cases)

- 36% of the children were placed in Relative Homes, 25% in Foster Family Agencies, 17% in Foster Family Homes, 12% in Group Homes, 6% in County Shelter/ Receiving Homes and 4% in other Homes.
- Children to age 5 (30%) and 6-10 (30%) represented 60% of these cases.
- 61% of the caretakers were not related to the child or the guardian, 33% were related (non-guardian), 3% were related (guardians) and 3% were guardians.
- 3% of the total cases with an open out of home placement were open four or more years, 37% were Hispanic, 35% were African American, 25% were White, 3% were *Other Races.



38% of the African American and Hispanic children were in Relative Home Placements.



* This category represents Asian/Pacific Islanders and American Indian children.

**This caseload includes children whose out-of-home placement record was closed, but whose placement episode record remained open for reasons deemed necessary by the social worker. This caseload may include voluntary placements, cases with additional incidents of abuse and neglect, and cases with reporting problems in CWS/CMS.

*See page 32 for data table.

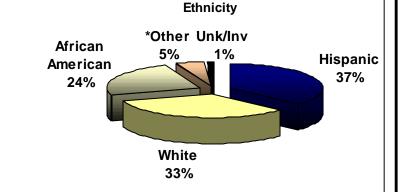
CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 18

Characteristics Of The Child Welfare Service Family Reunification (FR) Caseload

April 2001 Report Month

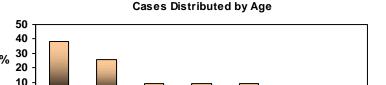
Total FR cases (32,075)

- 59% of the total cases were open a year or less. Of these 38% were Hispanic, 34% were White, 22% were African American, 4% were *Other Races and 2% were missing ethnicity information.
- 5% of the total cases were open four or more years. Of these 36% were African American, 34% were Hispanic, 27% were White and 3% were *Other Races.
- There were 539 American Indian children in FR cases and 72% were ages 12 and under.



% by Gender

- Female 49%
- Male 51%



13-14

15-16

17-18

over 18

FR Cases with an open out-of-home placement

0

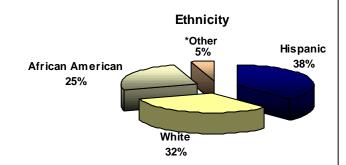
0-5

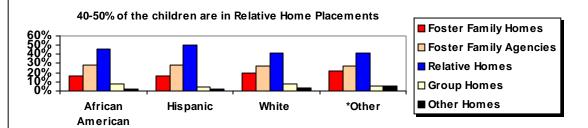
6-10

11-12

(**Represents 63% of the total FR cases)

- 80% of the FR cases had an open out-of-home placement.
- 46% of the children were placed in Relative Homes, 28% in Foster Family Agencies, 18% Foster Family Homes, 6% Group Homes, 1% County Shelter/ Receiving Homes and 1% in other Homes.
- 83% of these placements remained open up to one year.
- 55% of the caretakers were not related to the child or the guardian, 42% were related (non-guardians), 2% were related (guardians) and 1% were guardians.
- 1% of the total cases were open four or more years; of these 47% were African American, 27% were Hispanic, 23% were White and 3% were *Other Races.





- * This category represents Asian/Pacific Islanders and American Indian children .
- **This caseload includes children whose out-of-home placement record was closed, but whose placement episode record remained open for reasons deemed necessary by the social worker. Some of these cases may be erroneously included because of CWS/CMS reporting problems.

*See page 32 for data table.

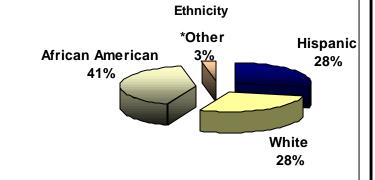
CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 19

Characteristics Of The Child Welfare Service Permanent Placement (PP) Caseload

April 2001 Report Month

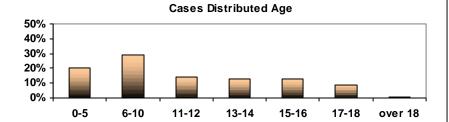
Total PP cases (76,202)

- The percentage of PP children who are African American is nearly double that of the FR and FM caseloads.
- 12% of the total cases were open two to three years. Of these 33% were White, 31% were Hispanic, 31% were African American, 4% were *Other races and 1% were missing ethnicity information.
- 64% of the total cases were open four or more years; 44% were African American, 26% were Hispanic, 26% we White and 3% were *Other Races.
- There were 960 American Indian children in PP cases;
 52% of these were age 12 or under.



% by Gender

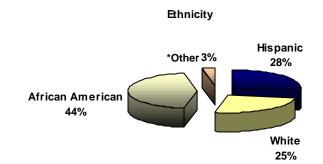
- Female 50.3%
- Male 49.7%



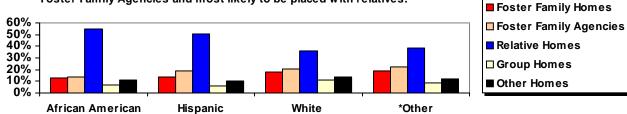
PP Cases with an open out-of-home placement

(**Represents 74% of the total PP cases)

- 48% of the children were placed in Relative Homes, 17% in Foster Family Agencies, 15% Foster Family Homes, 9% Guardian Homes, 8% Group Homes and 3% in other Homes.
- 42% of the caretakers were not related to the child or the guardian, 35% were related (non-guardians), 13% were guardians and 10% were related (guardians).
- 31% of the cases with an open out-of-home placement were open four or more years and 53% were African American,
 25% were Hispanic, 19% were White and 3% were *Other Races.
- 55% of the African American children were placed in Relative Homes, and 44% of these caretakers were Relatives.
- 62% of the children placed in Relative Homes were supervised by Los Angeles, Alameda and San Francisco County.



African American children are the least likely to be placed by Foster Family Agencies and most likely to be placed with relatives.



* This category represents American Indian children and Asian/Pacific Islanders.

**This caseload includes children whose out-of-home placement record was closed, but whose placement episode record remained open for reasons deemed necessary by the social worker. Some of these cases may be erroneously included because of CWS/CMS reporting problems.

*See page 32 for data table

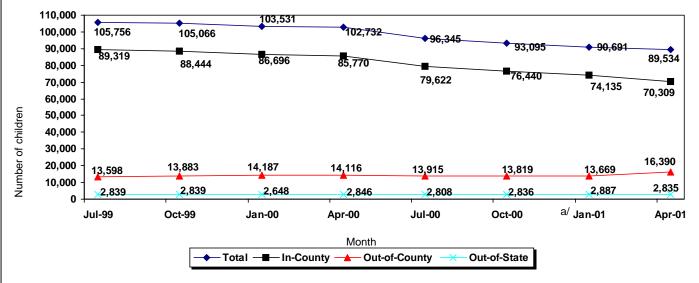
CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 20

Section IV

Supervised Children In Out-Of-Home Placements

*	Characteristics of Child Welfare Caseload and TrendsPage 22
*	Characteristics of Child Welfare Caseload (Relative and Foster Family Home Placements)Page 23
*	Relative and Foster Family Home Placements by County MapPages 24-26
*	County Probation Supervised Caseload Trends and CharacteristicsPages 27-28
*	Characteristics of Placement TerminationsPage 29

Caseload Trends For Child *Welfare Supervised Children In Out-Of-Home Placement



^{*} See page 4 for definition of welfare supervised out-of-home care.

Characteristics of Child Welfare Supervised Children In Out-Of-Home Placement

April 2001Report Month (Total Placements a/89,534)

43% of the children were placed in Relative Homes, 22% in Foster Family Agencies, 17% Foster Family Homes, 7% Guardian Homes, 7% Group Homes and 4% in other Homes

 49% of the caretakers were not related to the child or the guardian, 38% were related (non-guardians), 9% were guardians and 4% were related guardians.

 33% of the cases were open over three years; of these children with longer placements 46% were African American.

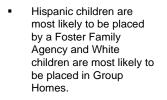
 40% of the African American children in out-of-home placement were placed in Relative Homes, and 38% of the caretakers were related non-quardians.

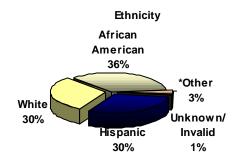
 The caseload was about 1/3 African American, 1/3 Hispanic and 1/3 White.

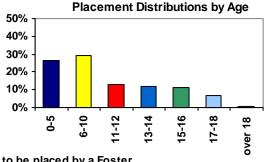
 Nearly 1/4 of the cases were ages 0-5 and 1/4 were 6-10 years old.

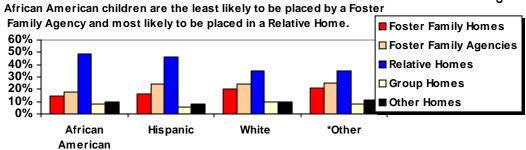


- Female 50%
- Male 50%









^{*} This category represents Asian/Pacific Islanders and American Indian children .

a/ The caseload excludes approximately 7,000 children whose out-of-home placement record was closed, but whose placement episode record remained open for reasons deemed necessary by the social worker.

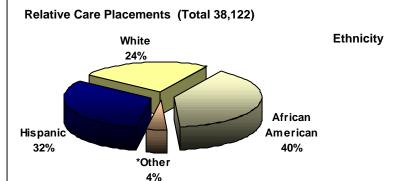
* See page 33 for data table.

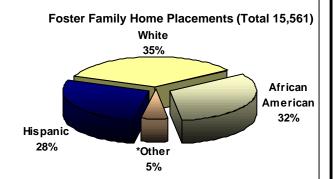
CWS/CMS extract, April 2001

Characteristics of Child Welfare Supervised Children Placed In Relative Homes and Foster Family Homes by Ethnicity, Age, Gender and Length of stay in Current Placement

April 2001 Report Month

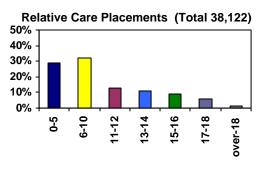
African American and Hispanic children are more likely to receive placements with relatives than with Foster Family Homes:



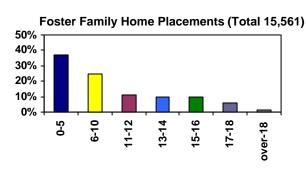


*This category represents American Indian children and Asian/Pacific Islanders.

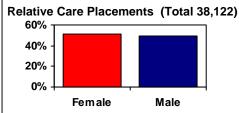
Children ages 6-10 represent 32% of the relative care placements and 25% of the non-relative care placements.



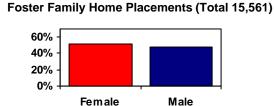
Placement Distributions by Age



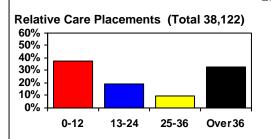
There was little difference between boys and girls in the percentage placed in Relative and Foster Family Homes:



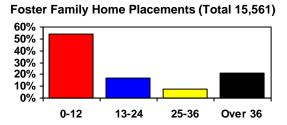
Gender



Children in Relative Homes tended to stay longer (43% stay 25 or more months, compared with only 29% of Foster Family Home placements).

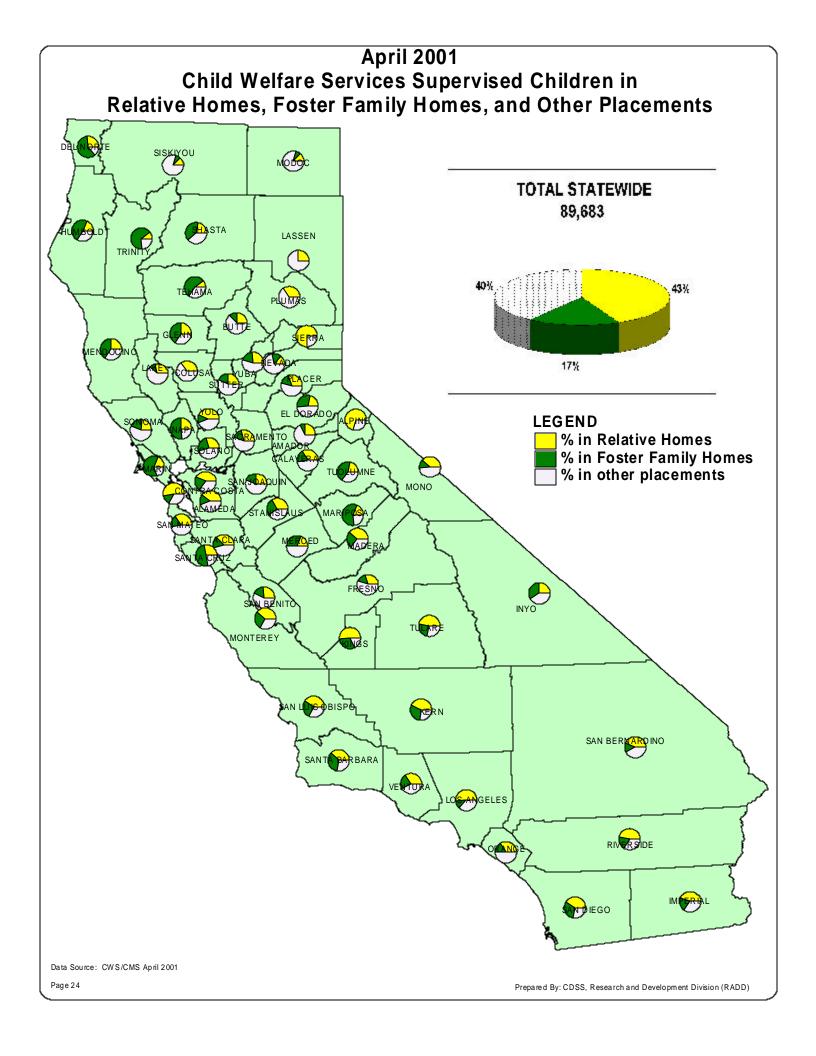


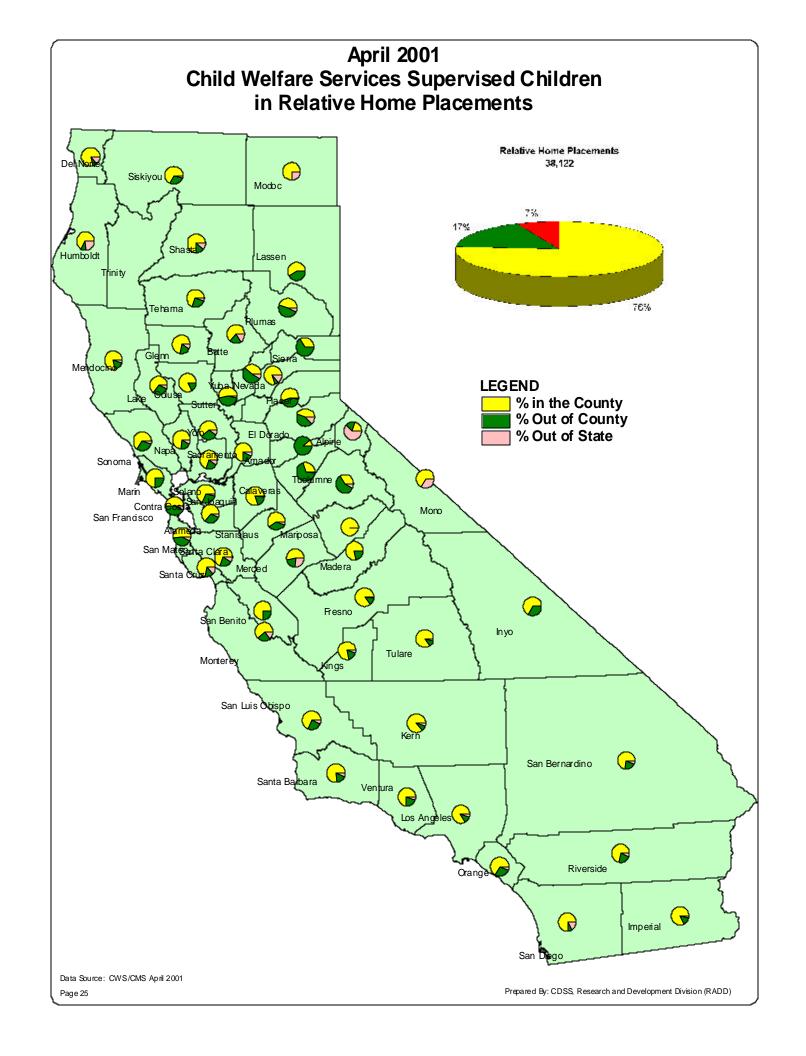
Length of stay in current Placement (Months)

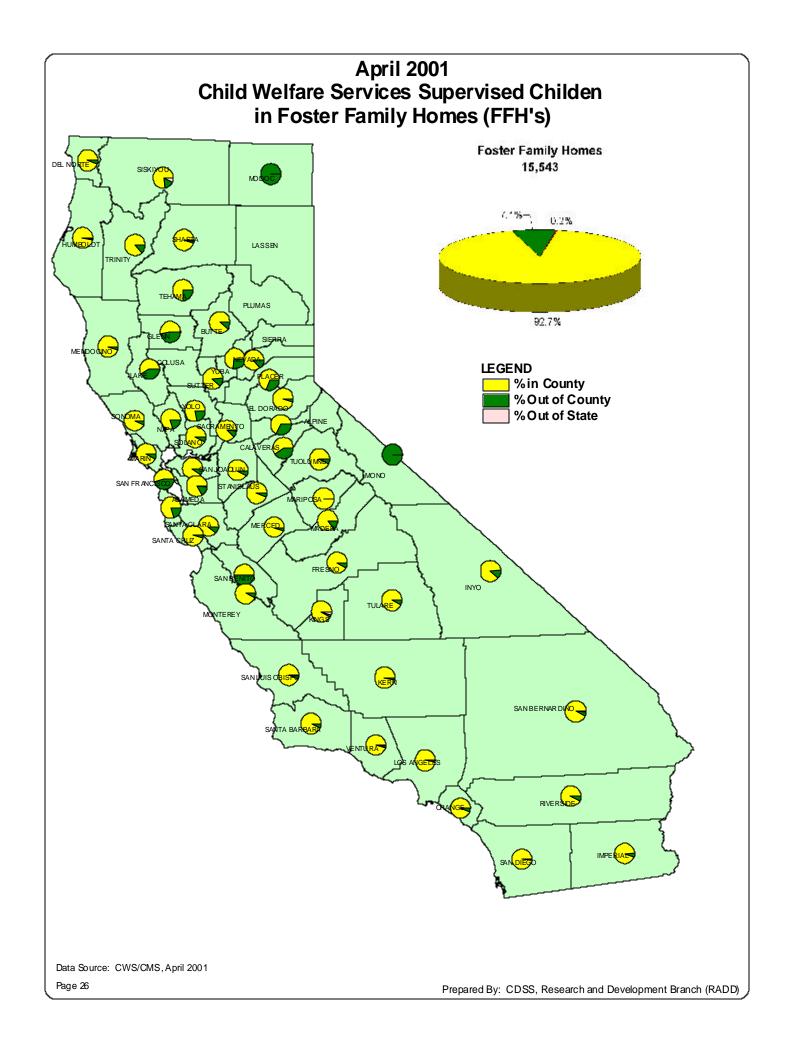


 Over half of the children placed in foster family homes remain in current placement a year or less (compared with only 1/3 of relative placements).

CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 23

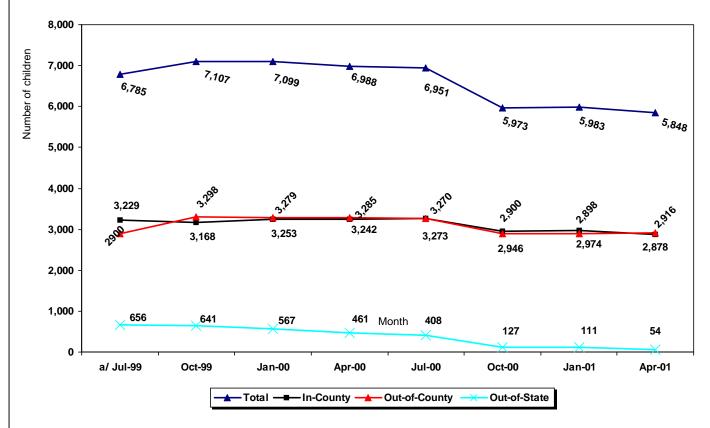






Caseload Trends For *Probation Supervised Children Living in Out-Of-Home Placements

From April 2000 to April 2001, the caseload for probation supervised children living in out-of-home placements decreased by approximately 17%.

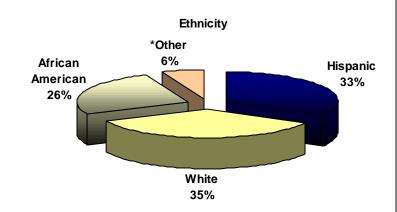


^{*} See page 4 for definition of probation supervised out-of-home care. a/ Source: Child Welfare Services/Case Management System CWS/CMS1 Monthly Report

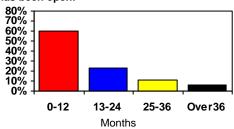
Characteristics of Probation Supervised Children Living in Out-Of-Home Placements

April 2001 Report Month (Total Placements 5,848)

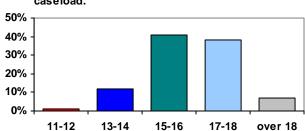
- There were a total of 5,848 probation supervised cases during April 2001 report month.
- 85% of the children were placed in Group Homes, 5% in Foster Family Agencies, 4% in Relative Homes, 4% Other Homes and 2% in Foster Family Homes.
- There were 70 American Indian children in probation cases and 70% were between the ages of 15-18.
- Children between the ages of 15-18 represented 79% of the Group Home placements.
- Over 3/4 were male.
- About 1/3 were Hispanic, 1/3 were White and 1/4 were African American.



Length of time current out-of-home placement has been open:



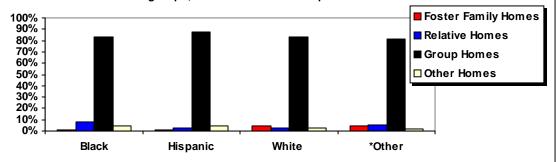
Children age 15 to 18 represented 79% of the caseload.



For all racial/ethnic groups, about 4/5 were in Group Home Placements.

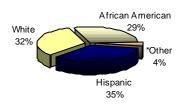
% by Gender:

- Female 22%
- Male 78%

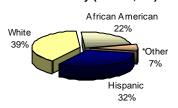


Ethnicity of children by location of placement:

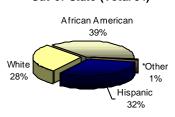
In-County (Total 2,878)



Out-of-County (Total 2,916)



Out-of-State (Total 54)



CWS/CMS Extract, April 2001

Page 28

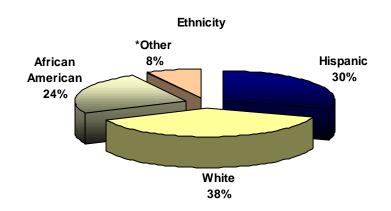
^{*}This category represents American Indian and Asian/Pacific Islander children.

^{*}See page 33 for data table.

Termination of Out-Of-Home Care Placement

April 2001 Report Month

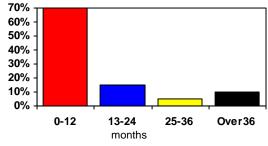
- There were a total of 2,184 placement terminations during April 2001 report month.
- 33% of the children were terminated from Relative Homes, 20% from Foster Family Homes, 16% from Foster Family Agencies, 12% from Group Homes and 19% from Other Homes.
- A total of 43 American Indian children were terminated from CWS.
- 46% of the American Indian children were reunified with parent/guardian.

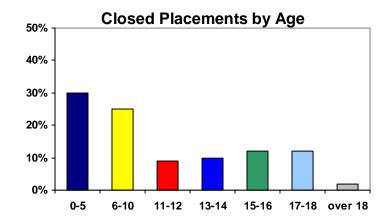


% by Gender

- Female 51%
- Male 49%

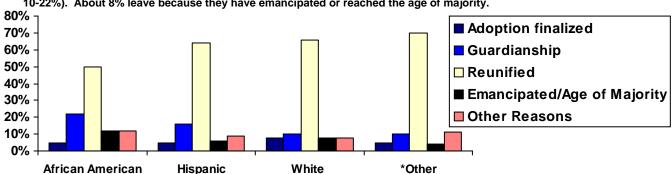
Length of Stay Prior to Termination:





Reason for Termination of Placement

The most common reason for termination was reunfication with the family (50-70%) or a guardian (a/ 10-22%). About 8% leave because they have emancipated or reached the age of majority.



*This category represents American Indian and Asian/Pacific Islanders children . a/ Children exiting care through the KinGap program are included in these percentages.

CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 29

Section V

Data Tables

*	Characteristics of Children Referred for ER Services	Page 31
*	Characteristics of Child Welfare Services Caseload by Service Component	Page 32
*	Characteristics of Children in Out-Of-Home Placements	Page 33
*	Referral Outcomes by County	Page 34
*	Relative and Foster Family Home Placements by Countyl	Page 35-37

Characteristics of Children Referred for Emergency Response Services

		REFERI RECEIV (CY 20	/ED	REFERRA RECEIVE (April, 20	ED
		Numbers	%	Numbers	%
TOTAL CHILDREN		532,144	100%	40,669	100%
GENDER:	Female	273,894	51%	20,570	51%
	Male	258,250	49%	20,099	49%
ETHNICITY:	White	178,045	34%	13,449	33%
	Hispanic	190,384	36%	15,589	38%
	African American	83,710	16%	6,075	15%
	Other	19,493	4%	1,472	1%
	American Indian	5,074	1%	330	4%
	Missing	55,438	10%	3,754	9%
AGES:	Under 1	27,023	5%	2,298	6%
	1	24,848	5%	2,033	5%
	2	26,493	5%	2,255	6%
	3	27,385	5%	2,107	5%
	4	29,346	6%	2,350	6%
	5	32,324	6%	2,575	6%
	6	33,337	6%	2,757	7%
	7	33,138	6%	2,774	7%
	8	33,688	6%	2,706	7%
	9	32,714	6%	2,624	6%
	10	31,448	6%	2,627	6%
	11	29,070	6%	2,426	6%
	12	28,117	5%	2,377	6%
	13	27,517	5%	2,117	5%
	14	27,051	5%	2,043	5%
	15	25,804	5%	1,771	4%
	16	23,519	5%	1,536	4%
	17	19,766	4%	1,084	3%
	Over 17	19,228	4%	150	0%
	Missing	328	0%	59	0%

^{*}See pages 10 & 12 for charts.

(Caseload		ER Pendi	_	FM Caseloa	nd	FR Caseloa	d	PP Caseload	d
Total Children	142,134	100%	5,315	100%	28,542	100%	32,075	100%	76,202	100%
<u>Gender</u>										
Female Male	70,994 71,140	50% 50%	2,718 2,597	51% 49%	14,366 14,176	50.4% 49.6%	15,625 16,450	49% 51%	38,286 37,916	50% 50%
<u>Ethnicity</u>										
White	42,262	30%	1,855	35%	8,866	31%	10,553	33%	20,988	28%
Hispanic	47,245	33%	1,811	34%	12,139	43%	12,010	37%	21,285	28%
African American	44,673	32%	978	18%	5,060	18%	7,707	24%	30,928	41%
Other	4,357	3%	235	5%	1,691	5%	879	3%	1,553	2%
American Indian	1,931	1%	114	2%	318	1%	539	2%	960	1%
Missing	1,666	1%	322	6%	468	2%	387	1%	488	0%
Ages										
Less than 1yr.	5,271	3%	644	12%	1,554	6%	2,295	7%	880	1%
1yr	6,567	5%	332	6%	1,765	6%	2,401	7%	2,069	3%
2yr.	6,983	5%	306	6%	1,812	6%	2,115	6%	2,750	3%
3yrs.	6,914	5%	289	5%	1,760	6%	1,767	6%	3,098	4%
4yrs.	7,046	5%	292	6%	1,745	6%	1,746	6%	3,263	4%
5yrs.	7,267	5%	268	5%	1,744	6%	1,732	6%	3,523	5%
6yrs.	7,704	5%	284	5%	1,829	6%	1,747	6%	3,844	5%
7yrs.	8,180	6%	320	6%	1,934	7%	1,724	6%	4,202	5%
8yrs.	8,247	6%	291	6%	1,887	7%	1,653	5%	4,416	6%
9yrs.	8,634	6%	280	5%	1,910	7%	1,609	5%	4,835	6%
10yrs.	8,719	6%	308	6%	1,769	6%	1,537	5%	5,105	7%
11yrs.	8,725	6%	281	5%	1,691	6%	1,455	5%	5,298	7%
12yrs.	8,411	6%	293	6%	1,499	5%	1,367	4%	5,252	7%
13yrs.	8,165	6%	268	5%	1,421	5%	1,388	4%	5,088	7%
14yrs.	8,004	6%	225	4%	1,288	5%	1,459	5%	5,032	6%
15yrs.	7,961	5%	212	4%	1,138	4%	1,552	5%	5,059	7%
16yrs.	7,365	5%	202	4%	876	3%	1,540	4%	4,747	6%
17yrs.	6,547	5%	126	2%	683	2%	1,356	3%	4,382	6%
Over 17yrs.	5,415	4%	94	2%	237	1%	1,632	5%	3,359	5%
Missing	9	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Length of time curre 0-12 Months	ent case I 50,524	has beer 36%	n open: 4,892	92%	18,266	64%	18,969	59%	8,297	11%
13-24 Months	24,332	17%	154	3%	5,986	21%	9,171	29%	9,121	12%
25-36 Months	14,703	10%	63	1%	2,351	8%	2,204	7%	10,085	13%
Over 36 Months	52,575	37%	206	4%	1,939	7%	1,731	5%	48,699	64%
*See pages16-20 for cha	rts.									
CWS/CMS extract, April 2 Page 32	2001								nent of Social S alysis and Pub	

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENTS April 2001 Report Month

	TOTAL Caseload		CHILD WELFARE Caseload		COUNTY PROBATION Caseload	N		
TOTAL CHILDREN:	a/ 95,382	100%	89,534	94%	5,848	6%		
GENDER:								
Female	46,251	48%	44,985	47%	1,266	1%		
Male	49,125	52%	44,546	47%	4,579	5%		
Unknown	6	0%	3	0%	3	0%		
ETHNICITY:								
White	28,811	30%	26,736	28%	2,075	2%		
Hispanic African	29,054	30%	27,103	28%	1,951	2%		
American	33,369	35%	31,863	33%	1,506	2%		
Other American	2,105	2%	1,896	2%	209	0%		
Indian	1,386	2%	1,316	2%	70	0%		
Unknown	657	1%	620	1%	37	0%		
AGES:								
Less than 1 yr.	7,293	8%	7,288	8%	5	0%		
1 yr.	4,259	4%	4,255	4%	4	0%		
2 yrs.	4,029	4%	4,027	4%	2	0%		
3 yrs.	4,067	4%	4,067	4%	0	0%		
4 yrs.	4,250	4%	4,250	4%	0	0%		
5 yrs.	4,529	5%	4,529	5%	0	0%		
6 yrs.	4,947	5%	4,946	5%	1	0%		
7 yrs.	5,162	5%	5,160	5%	2	0%		
8 yrs		6%	5,495	6%	3	0%		
9 yrs.	5,734	6%	5,733	6%	1	0%		
10 yrs.	5,967	6%	5,957	6%	10	0%		
11 yrs.	5,753	6%	5,712	6%	41	0%		
12 yrs.	5,795	6%	5,639	6%	156	0%		
13 yrs.	5,906	6%	5,475	6%	431	0%		
14 yrs.	6,212	7%	5,308	6%	904	1%		
15 yrs.	6,097	6%	4,801	5%	1,296	1%		
16 yrs.	5,608	6%	4,149	4%	1,459	2%		
17 yrs.	3,148	3%	2,168	2%	980	1%		
Over 17yrs.	1,125	1%	573	1%	552	0%		
Missing	3	0%	2	0%	1	0%		
LENGTH OF TIME CURRENT OUT OF HOME PLACEMENT HAS BEEN OPEN:								
0-12 mo.	46,257	49%	42,759	45%	3,498	4%		
13-24 mo.	18,426	19%	17,093	18%	1,333	1%		
25-36 mo.	9,036	9%	8,404	9%	632	1%		
Over 36 mo.	21,663	23%	21,278	22%	385	0%		

a/ The caseload excludes approximately 7,000 children whose out of home placement record was closed, but whose placement episode record remained open for reasons deemed necessary by the social worker.

^{*}See pages 22,27-28 for charts. CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 33

Investigated and Substantiated R	Referral Outcomes by	/ County
April 2	2001	
Total Investigations	Total Substantiated	Percentage Substan

County	Total Investigations	Total Substantiated	Percentage Substantiated
TATEWIDE	40,669	9344	23%
lameda	1061	254	24%
mador	23	11	48%
sutte	334	86	26%
Calaveras	232	55	24%
Colusa	10	6	60%
Contra Costa	784	217	28%
Del Norted	50	30	60%
El Dorado	94	27	29%
resno	1492	303	20%
Glenn	76	17	22%
lumboldt	120	26	22%
mperial	121	57	47%
-	80	11	14%
nyo	1734	462	27%
Kern			
(ings	221	44	20%
ake	75	21	28%
assen	44	26	59%
os Angeles	10285	2213	22%
ladera e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	138	48	35%
Marin	150	47	31%
leraposa	23	8	35%
Mendocino	221	58	26%
Merced	494	114	23%
/lodoc	7	2	29%
Mono	1	0	0%
f lonterey	213	39	18%
lapa	53	13	25%
Ievada	117	18	15%
Orange	1705	723	42%
Placer	343	115	34%
Plumas	45	8	18%
Riverside	2827	588	21%
Sacramento	2133	555	26%
San Benito	18	7	39%
San Berandino	3171	566	18%
San Diego	4182	830	20%
San Francisco	297	113	38%
San Joaquin	824 500	220	27%
an Luis Obispo	500	103	21%
San Mateo	328	73 74	22%
Santa Barbara	402	71	18%
Santa Clara	1807	274	15%
Santa Cruse	202	48	24%
Shasta	240	51	21%
Siskiyou	87	31	36%
Solano	360	63	18%
Sonoma	248	87	35%
tanislaus	744	175	24%
utter	41	25	61%
ehama	82	23	28%
rinity	38	14	37%
ulare	707	154	22%
uolumne	48	13	27%
/entura	754	135	18%
⁄olo	230	35	15%
/uba	51	30	59%
Missing data	2	1	50%
mooning data	4	I .	JU /0

*Map on page 13. CWS/CMS extract, Apr. 2001 Page 34

Child Welfare Services Supervised Children Placed In Relative Homes and Foster Family Homes by County

April 2001 Report Month

COUNTY	Total Placements	Number of Relative Home Placements	% Of Relative Home Placements	Number of Foster Family Home Placements	% Of Foster Family Home Placements
STATEWIDE	89534	38122	43%	15561	17%
Alameda	4355	1730	40%	635	15%
Alpine	7	5	71%	0	0%
Amador	37	9	24%	3	8%
Butte	622	147	24%	79	13%
Calaveras	97	33	34%	17	18%
Colusa	17	6	35%	0	0%
Contra Costa	2103	895	43%	455	22%
Del Norted	155	40	26%	94	61%
El Dorado	184	41	22%	55	30%
Fresno	3130	901	29%	515	16%
Glenn	45	11	24%	19	42%
Humboldt	285	52	18%	139	49%
Imperial	360	163	45%	73	20%
Inyo	24	6	25%	8	33%
Kern	2582	1120	43%	780	30%
Kings	313	161	43% 51%	96	30% 31%
Lake	166	47	28%	96 17	10%
				0	
Lassen	67 22064	17 17050	25% 53%		0% 13%
Los Angeles	33064	17059	52%	3885	12%
Madera	208	81	39%	53	25%
Marin	133	24	18%	83	62%
Mariposa	26	5	19%	15	58%
Mendocino	361	91	25%	143	40%
Merced	364	70	19%	108	30%
Modoc	28	4	14%	2	7%
Mono	8	3	38%	1	13%
Monterey	365	147	40%	99	27%
Napa	146	36	25%	77	53%
Nevada	103	14	14%	14	14%
Orange	3531	1185	34%	514	15%
Placer	393	116	30%	63	16%
Plumas	37	13	35%	0	0%
Riverside	4138	1937	47%	785	19%
Sacramento	5954	1744	29%	887	15%
San Benito	46	12	26%	8	17%
San Berandino	5199	2296	44%	705	14%
San Diego	6843	2801	41%	2128	31%
San Francisco	2259	1223	54%	284	13%
San Joaquin	1584	393	25%	298	19%
San Luis Obispo	437	179	41%	112	26%
San Mateo	437 519	184	41% 35%	96	26% 18%
Santa Barbara	384	146	38%	129	34%
Santa Clara	2686	996	37%	445	17%
Santa Cruse	340	94	28%	165	49%
Shasta	525	115	22%	207	39%
Sierra	4	3	75%	0	0%
Siskiyou	181	25	14%	13	7%
Solano	599	176	29%	148	25%
Sonoma	505	117	23%	108	21%
Stanislaus	675	228	34%	178	26%
Sutter	228	56	25%	40	18%
Tehama	161	17	11%	88	55%
Trinity	45	5	11%	29	64%
Tulare	1193	560	47%	300	25%
Tuolumne	121	26	21%	54	45%
Ventura	734	256	35%	164	22%
Yolo	454	194	43%	60	13%
Yuba	339	89	26%	67	20%
Missing	65	18	28%	21	32%

*Map on page 24. CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 35

•	Child Welfare Serv		2001 Rep	ort Month		
COUNTY	TOTAL	IN COUNTY	%	OUT OF COUNTY	%	OUT OF STATE %
STATEWIDE	38,122	29,113	76	6,511	1/	2,498
Alameda	1,730	1,105	64	518	30	107
Alpine	5	1	20	1	20	3
Amador	9	1	11	8	89	0
Butte	147	95	65	29	20	23 15
Calaveras	33	10	30	22	67	1
Colusa	6	5	83	1	17	0
Contra Costa	895	622	70	240	27	33
Del Norte	40	32	80	3	8	5 12
El Dorado	41	18	44	18	44	5 12
Fresno	901	773	86	108	12	20
Glenn	11	8	73	2	18	1
Humboldt	52	35	67	5	10	12 23
Imperial	163	135	83	22	14	6
Inyo	6	4	67	2	33	0
Kern	1,120	960	86	103	9	57
Kings	161	124	77	30	19	7
Lake	47	30	64	14	30	3
Lassen	17	10	59	7	41	Ö
Los Angeles	17,054	14,112	83	2,016	12	926
Madera	81	63	78	17	21	1
Marin	24	18	75	6	25	0
Mariposa	5	5	100	-	0	Ö
Mendocino	91	71	78	16	18	4
Merced	70	37	53	15	21	18
Modoc	4	3	75	-	0	1
Mono	3	2	67	_	Ö	1
Monterey	147	93	63	34	23	20
Napa	36	26	72	7	19	3
Nevada	14	11	79	1	7	2
Orange	1,185	791	67	320	27	74
Placer	116	65	56	48	41	3
Placei Plumas	13	6	46	6	46	1
Riverside	1,937	1,387	72	430	22	120
Riverside Sacramento	1,744	1,293	72 74	327	19	124
	1,744	1,293	74 75	327	25	0
San Benito	2,296	1,684	73 73	458	20	154
San Bernardino	2,290	2,132	73 76	242	9	427
San Diego	2,801 1,223	2, 132 623	76 51	521	9 43	427 79
San Francisco	398		79	521 75	43 19	79
San Joaquin	398 179	316 125		75 42	24	7 12
San Luis Obispo		125	70 52			
San Mateo	184	95 112	52 77	74	40	15
Santa Barbara	146	112	77 60	25	17	9

*Map on page 25. CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 36

Santa Clara Santa Cruz

Shasta

Sierra

Siskiyou

Solano

Sonoma

Sutter

Trinity

Tulare

Tuolumne

Ventura

Yolo

Yuba

Missing

Tehama

Stanislaus

Department of Social Services Data Analysis and Publications

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<u>Child Welfare Services Supervised Children In Foster Family Home Placements</u> April 2001 Report Month

COUNTY	TOTAL	IN COUNTY	%	OUT OF COUNTY	%	OUT OF STATE %
STATEWIDE	15561	14416	93	1108	7	37 0
Alameda	635	530	84	99	16	6 1
Amador	3	2	67	1	33	0 0
Butte	79	70	89	9	11	0 0
Calaveras	17	10	59	7	41	0 0
Contra Costa	455	408	90	46	10	1 0
Del Norte	94	88	94	6	6	o o
El Dorado	55	53	96	2	4	0 0
Fresno	515	472	92	43	8	0 0
Glenn	19	10	53	9	47	0 0
Humboldt	139	135	97	3	2	1 1
Imperial	73	69	95	4	6	0 0
	8	7	88	1	13	0 0
Inyo Kern	780	756	97	23	3	
	96	87	91	23 4	3 4	1 0 5 5
Kings	17	10		7		
Lake			59		41	0 0
Los Angeles	3885	3788	98	97	3	0 0
Madera	53	46	87	7	13	0 0
Marin	83	76	92	7	8	0 0
Mariposa	15	15	100	0	0	0 0
Mendocino	143	135	94	8	6	0 0
Merced	108	102	94	6	6	0 0
Modoc	2	0	0	2	100	0 0
Mono	1	0	0	1	100	0 0
Monterey	99	92	93	7	7	0 0
Napa	77	61	79	16	21	0 0
Nevada	14	12	86	2	14	0 0
Orange	514	479	93	35	7	0 0
Placer	63	44	70	19	30	0 0
Riverside	785	726	93	54	7	5 1
Sacramento	887	781	88	101	11	5 1
San Benito	8	4	50	4	50	0 0
San Bernardino	705	658	93	41	6	6 1
San Diego	2128	2088	98	40	2	0 0
San Francisco	284	156	55	127	45	1 0
San Joaquin	298	275	92	23	8	0 0
San Luis Obispo	112	105	94	6	5	1 1
San Mateo .	96	77	80	18	19	1 1
Santa Barbara	129	121	94	8	6	0 0
Santa Clara	445	390	88	55	12	0 0
Santa Cruz	165	157	95	8	5	0 0
Shasta	207	197	95	9	4	1 1
Siskiyou	13	10	77	2	15	1 8
Solano	148	138	93	10	7	0 0
Sonoma	108	100	93	8	7	0 0
Stanislaus	178	167	94	11	6	0 0
Sutter	40	35	88	5	13	0 0
Tehama	88	66	75	22	25	o o
Trinity	29	25	86	4	14	0 0
Tulare	300	280	93	20	7	0 0
Tuolumne	54	50	93	4	7	0 0
Ventura	164	157	96	5	3	2 1
Yolo	60	47	78	13	22	0 0
Yuba	67	49	73	18	27	0 0
Missing	21	49 0	0	21	100	0 0
Missing	۷1	O	J	21	100	0 0

*Map on page 26. CWS/CMS extract, April 2001 Page 37

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